

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

PERIL IN FLIRTATION.

By Rev. Frederick E. Hopkins.

Flirtation is the cause of our social evil. It undermines the home. It makes marriage look like a failure. The rapidly increasing number of women who drink and smoke in fashionable restaurants shows where stations on the route are located and the men in the big, swift touring cars accomplish the rest of the trip with meretricious brevity, but leave behind the tines of a scandal that will fill the memory.

In respect of this evil, as of all others, we need to remember that first steps are the dangerous steps, first compromises the dangerous compromises.

When men and women are loitering about through life wondering what they will do next, a serpent not far away is up to lift its head and slither—the bird from the Garden of Eden to the present hour snakes have loved Eve in a snake's way. Samson has lied and joked with Delilah, Sappho has loved the young student, as the devil loves the world. It is a love with the most beautiful face you ever saw. It is love with the most attractive personality you have ever known. It is a love with what is called temperament, you know—makes a life sound better than the truth. It can make the red-headed, black-faced Cleopatra look so fascinating that the great bare Anthony is content to be dragged behind her barge like a dead fish.

The love of the flirt is a love that makes men and women forget their honor, their vows, their ambitions, their talents, their fathers and mothers, husbands and wives, and all the great hopes of time and eternity. The first steps may lead down the marble steps of a palace of pleasure. But look at the end!

BRINGING NATIONS CLOSER TOGETHER.

By Edgar Fuller.

It is easy to perceive from past history how individualism and competition peopled the earth. The pressure of growing slavery kept actuating men to push farther westward, to where there was greater freedom. America was discovered because the merchants of Venice formed a monopoly of the East India trade and lusted after the spices that were so scarce.

A western route was sought in order to evade the monopoly of the East India Company. This led to the discovery of the new continent. This led to the greater importance of the oppressed lower classes of Europe than the accomplishment of the original purpose would have been and it is of great relief even yet.

The world is now becoming rapidly populated, with no more new continents to discover, and the result must be that collectivism and co-operation will take the place of individualism and competition—otherwise slavery will become universal. Members of the capitalist class, having pursued each other all over the globe trying to find a market for their surplus products and finding themselves up against it, are now gradually consolidating industrially into a trust and politically into one big fighting machine. Money knows no country and one country is as good to exact profit in as another. Labor sees what is coming and is also beginning to organize internationally. The railroads, the steamships and the telegraph are bringing all nations closer and closer to each other and in course of time they will unite into

one vast co-operative commonwealth. There is destined to be considerable conflict, however, before this can be successfully accomplished.

DISCONTENT OF RICHES AND POVERTY.

By Winifred Black.

A little girl lay down on her sister's grave and died the other day. And when the mother went to the drug store to telephone to ask for help she fainted, and the drug store people discovered that the mother had not eaten anything for nearly two days because there was no money to buy food.

In the same paper that told this little story I read that algebras were in fashion again this year because they were so expensive that the presence of an algebre meant that the owner must have money, or at least had it when she bought the hat, and that black pearls were again in vogue; and that it was bad form to let the bay horse go out with anything but an ermine carriage blanket.

I wonder if the little girl who lay down and died rather than to struggle through a world like the one she lived in wasn't, after all, wise after her kind and condition? I suppose that poor mother walked the streets right beside some discontented rich woman, a dozen times, and unless she walked unusual paths she certainly went past a dozen young girls who are making their own mothers miserable because they can't have just exactly "the latest thing in jewelry" or the newest thing in automobiles, "like the other girls."

If I had one of those "like-the-other-girls" daughters I'd make her spend at least half of her time getting acquainted with some of these "other girls," like the one who lay down and died of hunger and heartache and sorrowful discouragement the other day. I believe it would do her good.—Chicago Examiner.

THE CHURCH'S BUSINESS.

By President Woodrow Wilson.

The business of the church is not to pity men. The business of the church is not to rescue them from their suffering by the mere means of material relief or even by the means of spiritual consolation. The church cannot afford to pity men because it knows that men, if they would take it, have the richest and the most complete inheritance that it is possible to conceive, and that, rather than being deserving of pity, they are to be challenged to assert in themselves those things which will make them independent of pity.

No man who has recovered the integrity of his soul is any longer the object of pity, and it is to enable him to recover that lost integrity that the Christian church is organized. To my thinking, the Christian church stands at the center not only of philanthropy, but at the center of education, at the center of science, at the center of philosophy, at the center of politics—in short, at the center of sentiment and thinking life. And the business of the Christian church—the Christian minister—is to show the spiritual relations of men to the greater world processes whether they be physical or spiritual. It is nothing less than to show the plan of life and men's relations to the plan of life.

DEFENDANTS IN A NOTED MURDER CASE.



Woman and Her Alleged Affinity, Who Have Been on Trial at Watseka, Ill., as Being Connected with the Killing of Banker J. B. Saylor of Crescent City.

BATTLE SHIP FLEET ON FOREIGN CRUISE.

Fifteen of the Largest Vessels of the Navy to Make Voyage Next Fall.

MEDITERRANEAN IS THE GOAL.

Admiral Sazon Schrodeder to Command Formidable Force on Trip to Foreign Waters.

Plans for the cruise of the United States Atlantic fleet to the Mediterranean next fall will be mapped out by Rear Admiral Richard Wainwright, aid for naval operations; Rear Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson, chief of the bureau of navigation; and Rear Admiral William P. Potter, aid for naval personnel. The fleet, it is expected, will leave Hampton Roads next November. Only battle ships, it is reported, will make the cruise, and the plan is to divide the fleet into four squadrons after it reaches Eastern waters, each squadron to visit Mediterranean ports separately. According to present plans, the ships to make the cruise will be the Connecticut, Kansas, Louisiana and Vermont, comprising the first division; the Minnesota, Idaho, Mississippi and New Hampshire, second division; the Georgia, Nebraska, New Jersey and Rhode Island, third division; and the Virginia, Wisconsin and Missouri, fourth division. Rear Admiral Sazon Schrodeder, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, will command the cruise and fly his pennant from the Connecticut. Three battle ships now building—the Delaware, Michigan and North Dakota—if completed in time for the cruise, may make up a fifth squadron or replace the oldest of the other battle ships.

Staff for the State.

At a banquet at Los Angeles, Andrew Carnegie said that no man who dies with millions of dollars should be left half of his fortune to the State. He said that combinations were bound to exist and that we must have regulation or the consumer would not have a chance. He predicted that before many years every workman would be a partner in the business in which he was employed. He did not believe in the income tax, as it would "make a nation of liars." Speaking of stock gamblers, he said: "The day is coming when men who operate on the exchange as parasites upon values instead of creating them will not be recognized as men of affairs. There is a very strong idea about these gamblers, and I do not consider they should be recognized."

France Has Age Pensions.

The French Senate passed the age pension bill, over which a controversy has gone on for several years, but not in the form to suit the radical wing of the Socialists. The law will affect about 17,000,000 workers. Three sources of the pension provided are: From the workers at the rate of 9 francs for men, 8 francs for women and 4 1/2 francs for minors; an equal amount from the employers; and a certain sum from the State. People will begin to draw the pension at the age of 55, or after thirty years of service.

SOCIALIST CHOSEN NEW MAYOR OF MILWAUKEE.



Emil Seidel.

LABOR NOTES.

International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union has a membership of about 23,000.

Over \$14,000,000 worth of workingmen's shirts and overalls are produced annually in our prisons.

On May 2, at Philadelphia, Chartered Society of Amalgamated Lace Operatives will convene.

A local union of the Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Union of North America has been formed in Brooklyn, N. Y.

San Francisco (Cal.) Garment Workers' Union is giving a practical demonstration of its work in the show window of a large store to help the union label and create a demand for goods bearing the same.

The directors of the Toronto (Canada) Labor Temple Company have decided that the only tenants that may rent rooms in their building for the future will be those affiliated with international organizations.

In Missouri in 1908 there was an increase in the average pay an hour over 1907, the average being 38.45 cents, as compared with 36.29 cents for the other year. There was also a decrease in the average daily working time over the year before from 9.01 hours a day to 8.95.

Statistics show that in the city of New York there are 25,000 women who by their own labor support their husbands and families.

A committee on organization has been formed by the Women's Trade Union League to carry on the work of organizing the Jewish workingwomen of the Manhattan East side.

International Organizer A. Rosenberry is in Boston, Mass., to aid the members of Ladies' Tailors and Dressmakers, who have been in strike for nearly ten months. The busy season is about to begin, and efforts will be made to bring about a settlement of all questions at issue.



HORN AND GARDEN.

Chemical preservatives in milk are considered injurious to health, and are forbidden by pure-food legislation in many States.

Oil meal is being shipped by the carload to Europe, where it is fed by dairymen. It would be to our advantage if this were fed at home.

A pall of milk standing ten minutes where it is exposed to the scent of a strong-smelling stable, or any other offensive odor, will imbibe a taint that will not leave it.

Whenever you see a flock of undocked sheep, be sure the farmer does not know his business. Docking means cleanliness, and it gives a sheep a more blocky appearance.

High-priced feeds make farm scales necessary. It does not matter so much with corn at 20 cents per bushel, but now if an animal is not making a profit on 60-cent corn you should find it out.

Experiments made by the Department of Agriculture at Washington have demonstrated that crown gall is caused by a bacterial parasite—and that it will affect a large number of plants where infected.

On the appearance of any lump about the legs of a horse, it should be bathed diligently with water as hot as can be borne. When a lump develops into a spavin, may sometimes in this way be checked at the start.

All milk must be cooled to a temperature not above 55 degrees within two hours after being drawn, and kept thereafter below that, and must be sooled to 50 degrees or less if not delivered at the creamery twice a day.

Of course, pigs will live and make some growth on good clover pasture without any grain, but this feed is altogether too bulky for profitable results, hence the desirability of feeding a liberal grain ration while the pigs are on pasture for maximum profit.

To cure the mange rub on oil of tar one ounce and water with two ounces, or one-half pound of each of tar and sulphur, and one pound each of soap and alcohol. In all cases boll the blankets and treat with a strong solution of caustic potash, alk., woodwork, harness, brushes, combs and whatever can be affected with the germs.

Inviting Ability of Milk Goats. The milk goat, like all goats, can make a living on brushy and hilly land where most all other animals would starve. They are very beneficial to land in clearing it of weeds, sprouts, and brush. They cannot endure low, wet land, but thrive perfectly on rough and hilly land. Those giving milk should be fed in grass, fodder and wheat bran, but no grain of any kind.

The Work Horse in Spring. Many farmers seem to think that because horses have been resting all winter they can do more work when spring comes. The reverse is true. If they have been in the harness almost every day in winter they will be hard and strong for spring work, and a hard day's work will not injure them. But if they have been idle for a few weeks they can not stand heavy work without perspiring, becoming short of breath and showing fatigue within a short time. Often an hour's fast driving or heavy work will cause the horse to become ill, and in some cases to result fatally, or in disablement for several weeks.

Common Pea Vines as Stock Feed. The United States Department of Agriculture announces that the pea vines, which have heretofore been a waste product of canning factories, have now risen to the dignity of a by-product. These vines are now being cured for hay, fed to stock in the feed state after the peas are picked, or are made into ensilage which is said to be superior in value to corn ensilage. Pea hay may be stacked as clover hay and it will keep practically as well. It is well-tramped. It has a value higher than clover hay, and both the silage and the hay are found to be excellent feed for dairy cows and satisfactory feed for beef cattle, horses and sheep. It sells from \$3 to \$5 per ton.—Agricultural Epitomist.

Chicken Mites. Besides the lice on the hen, many a poultry house is filled with chicken mites. They live in cracks and crevices and nesting material, infesting the fowls generally when they are in the roosts and nests. In these hiding places they will multiply to thousands in numbers, and prey upon the fowls. If not checked, so ravenously as to actually kill them. Many hens have died on the roosts and many more on the nests from this cause. The mites not only suck blood from the chickens, but also the skin in hundreds of places, causing great irritation and no doubt great suffering. In the sitting hen's nest they attack the chicks as soon as they are hatched, and hence are the cause of much loss among young chickens. The remedy is to thoroughly spray the henhouse, roosts and nests with liquid lice killer, or an emulsion of kerosene and carbolic acid.—Kansas Farmer.

Testing Cows. The tests we want are the ones made with normal feeding whether for one week or one year, writes a New York dairymen in Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Personally I want both. A week's test will show the capacity of the cow, and a year's test will show the ability of the man as a feeder. With proper feeding there is little danger of injuring the offspring. The first thing I look for when reading a test is the

amount and kind of feeds fed, then I can tell whether the cow is a paying proposition or not. A cow that eats a dollar's worth of feed to produce a dollar's worth of butter is of little value, even though she produces 20 pounds of butter per week. What prospective purchasers want and are entitled to is what your cow has done for a year in milk according to the test, what feeds were fed and what kind of care was given. Don't pamper, don't starve, but don't be afraid to feed. There are thousands of cows ruined by underfeeding where one is spoiled by overfeeding.

Doctoring Animals. One thing we have learned, however, and that is that the best thing to do in a case of ordinary illness is to do nothing. Just give nature a chance to attend the patient. Nine times out of ten we do not exactly know what is the matter with the ailing creature. Symptoms are all we have to go by anyhow, and they are usually complex with man and beast.

Cattle have the sense to do what we men folks seldom will, and that is stop eating when they do not feel right. That is one of nature's best methods of curing sickness with us all. Just let the system work off some of the accumulated matter and the chances are that everything will soon be all right. If we can do anything to help in this process, all right. Treatment to thoroughly relieve the burdened digestive apparatus is the best thing we can do. More than that is more likely to do harm than good, unless one is a skilled veterinarian, as few farmer folks are.—Agricultural Epitomist.

Treatment for Worms in Horses. This is one of the best worm destroyers for unruly colts and horses that we have ever tried. Mix together one pound each of sugar and salt, in this mix one-half pound of fine smoking tobacco, six ounces of powdered sulphate of iron. As a dose for a mature horse give a heaping tablespoonful in a wheat bran mush every morning for two weeks. Colts should be given in smaller proportion to size and age.

A veterinary supply house advises the following remedy for worms in horses: Give a teaspoonful of powdered copper sulphate every morning in feed for three or four days, then give two ounces of turpentine in a pint of raw linseed oil. Feed soft feed and keep infected animal in the stable while under this treatment.

A veterinary surgeon, signing no name, suggests this treatment in an exchange: Clear the bowels by allowing the horse to fast over night and give in the morning two ounces of turpentine in a pint of raw linseed oil or gruel, followed in the course of an hour with a bran mash; repeat this for two or three mornings. Santoin in half or one ounce doses, made into powders with linseed meal, may be given to valuable horses for two or three mornings in succession, followed by a cathartic.

A Job Worth While. Every foot of land that does not bring in something every year is just so far a drag on the rest of the place that yields good crops.

A neighbor of mine had a place on his farm that was low and wet, so that it troubled him about plowing it in the spring or fall of the year. Often even in haying it would be so wet that it would be quite a nasty piece of work to get the hay off.

All at once we saw a pile of monstrous great tiles on the ground where that wet place was. It must have been 16 or 18 inches in diameter. I never saw such tile put down in a field in all my life. Whether he really needed tile of that size I have always questioned, but he got it. The idea seemed to be to make the thing dead sure while he was about it. And he did.

He put a deep ditch down through the field, the lower end extending to the bank of a creek which wound its way across the farm. Into this he laid the tile, and today the land is like a garden. No more trouble about working that land at any time of the year. When any land can be cultivated, that can. And the crops have been just about doubled. Did that pay?

The man that pays the taxes must look out for all such unprofitable pieces of land. If he does not, they will eat him up alive. Every bit of farm land should be made to produce the very most possible. That would mean farm success for us all.—Agricultural Epitomist.

Bees Help Alfalfa Fields. It has been discovered that the honey bee is of even more importance to the alfalfa than the alfalfa to the bee. The wonderful strength and speed of the bees taking them long distances for their food, and they are recouped to a great variety of plants. But the peculiar construction of the alfalfa blossom renders it unable to fertilize itself and its shape makes cross fertilization very difficult.

Careful observations have been made of seed pods grown near colonies of bees, and also of those so far from any bee colonies that it was safely assumed no bees had visited the fields producing the pods. In every case it was found that those from near-by fields had from 50 to 75 per cent more seeds than the others, and that they were larger and more perfectly developed. In this state, in Colorado and in western Kansas, where bee culture has been greatly developed in recent years, it is found that the alfalfa seed crop in fields nearest to the bee colonies is much heavier and of better quality than that of fields but a few miles away.

Just the same, the Experiment Station's small plot of vigorous alfalfa was covered last before coming into bloom with mosquito netting supported by sticks. It was therefore known that no bees or insects could come into contact with the blossoms. This careful examination disclosed that the pods which had formed were entirely without seeds.

THE LIFE OF A SWITCHMAN.

It May Not Be Picturesque, but There Are Few More Dangerous. The frontier is fast disappearing, and the hardy pioneer who packed his pelts or harvested his scanty crops under the eye of hostile Indians is merely an heroic figure in history, writes F. C. Scoville. But the industrial frontier and the pioneer workman will never become things of the past. The venturesome spirits who 100 years ago would have pushed westward into unknown lands have turned their hands to work, which, if not more picturesque, is fully as dangerous.

That frontier saving record book the game wherein the necessities and

overloaded car, a pin may stick, and in the hurried effort to right the knuckle before the cars meet his hand may be crushed. Unheard trains may toss him when he rounds the end of a string of cars. While pulling a pin on a sharp curve to make a "drop" he may be caught between the corners of the cars and his ribs staved in.

Constant vigilance is the price of the switchman's life. Occasionally even "constant vigilance" is fruitless. Death leaps at seemingly the safest moment.

Has Pin Worth \$25,000. Led on by a love for rare and unique scarf pins, A. M. Brinckle, known throughout the country as the "scarf pin man," arrived in Des Moines to

relate. The collection was recently placed on exhibition at Tiffany's in New York, where many admiring collectors offered immense sums for the rarer specimens.

HIRSHUTE ITALIAN BARBERS.

Peculiarities Noted by an Observing Hair Tonic Salesman.

"My best customers," said the salesman for the hair-tonic house, according to the New York Times, "are the proprietors of barber shops, where all Italian barbers are employed. There's a reason for this and a very simple one. Did you ever see a bald-headed barber in an Italian shop? Think it over. Rack your memory. I've been in the hair-tonic business for a good many years, and take my word for it, there is no such thing as a bald-headed dago barber. No, I can't explain it. It is simply an incontestable fact. That's why I say my best customers are the proprietors of these shops. Would you buy a bottle of hair-tonic from a barber with a bald pate? Would you place any confidence in the recommendation of a barber whose head had a mop of moustache and a mop of hair?"

Not if you are in your sober senses. American barbers and barbers of other nationalities, particularly the Germans, have a disgusting habit of losing their hair. I use the adjective advisedly from my point of view, for it interferes with my business. And it's a curious thing that when a barber loses his hair he doesn't lose his job. Nor is his salary reduced. Inasmuch as a considerable portion of the revenue of a shop consists of the selling of various toilet preparations, you would naturally think that in the interest of expert salesmanship, when a barber loses his hair he would also lose his job. But the boss barber is a person to be reckoned with quite aside from the purely commercial phase of the situation. He is loyal to his men and loyal to an extent that would seem suicidal to the head of a big industrial corporation. But that's his attitude, and a way it is an admirable one. Skill that has nothing to do with the fact that there are no bald-headed Italian barbers. Keep your eyes peeled for one, and when you find him show me."

French Revolution Relics.

A museum is about to be inaugurated in the famous prison of the Conciergerie, which will be peculiarly rich in articles and papers connected with the revolution, and especially with Marie Antoinette, says the London Globe. The museum will be quartered in the Salle des Girondins. The Marie Antoinette relics include the archbishop which she used during her imprisonment, the lamp which illuminated her cell, the ebony and ivory crucifix which she kissed before leaving for her execution, and two pictures representing the doomed queen at communion and in her cell.

A Relief.

"Johnny" said the boy's mother, "I hope you have been a nice, quiet boy at school this afternoon."

"That's what I was," answered Johnny. "I went to sleep right after dinner, and the teacher said I'd whip any boy in the room who waked me up."

Health, honesty, horse sense and hard work is a combination you can't begin to draw the pension at the age of 55, or after thirty years of service.



MAKING A COUPLING ON A STORMY NIGHT.

luxuries of life are whirled from one end of the continent to the other as a constantly increasing pace has engaged many of the present day industrial pioneers. Among them, skirting the death line as delicately as the aviator, the deep sea diver, the structural steel worker, or the linemen, stands the switchman. Without him the arteries of traffic would cease to flow.

In a thousand yards, amid a bewildering maze of tracks and switches, and under the pattering hail of cinders the switchman works, seemingly careless of the perils that beset his every footstep. Dangerous during the day, the yards are truly so at night and during the winter. One second's carelessness, a slippery footboard, an ice covered grabiron, or even a mistaken signal by the engineer may cause his instant death, or, less mercifully, make him a helpless cripple for life.

Death, at his companion, disability, stares the switchman in the face as every turn. A huge chunk of coal may topple upon his head from an

continue his search for new designs to add to his collection, the Evening Tribune of that city says.

During the years of travel to his capacity as salesman for a Connecticut cut-glass concern Mr. Brinckle has gathered together the largest assortment of rare and beautiful scarf pins in the world. The collection contains 1,016 pins and is valued at \$25,000.

Jewelers in all large cities know of Mr. Brinckle because of the fact that he wears so many unique pins. He declares that only once during the last fifteen years have any of his customers seen him wearing the same scarf pin. He also has a collection of 300 scarfs.

Gathering scarf pins is a hobby with Mr. Brinckle. Although individual and costly, it has proved to be intensely interesting. A large number of the settings have a history, which the owner, with enthusiastic pride, loves

Crawford Avalanche.

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GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APR. 14

Additional Local Matter

Circuit Court Notes.

The regular April term of the Circuit Court for this county convened Monday, April 11, Hon. Nelson Sharpe Circuit Judge, presiding, and Stenographer Claude Austin at his desk.

The first case tried was that of John Perry, charged with larceny and resulted in his acquittal.

The People vs. Alexander Young, larceny. Found guilty but the value of property was reduced to less than twenty-five dollars. Sentenced to 90 days in Detroit House of Correction.

The case of Andrew Mortenson vs. S. B. Broth, replevin. Judgment for defendant for \$5.98 and costs.

The case of Peter L. Brown vs. school dist. no. 1, Grayling, was settled out of court.

The cases of Dickenson vs. Underhill, trespass on the case, and Underhill vs. Dickenson, bill to reform deed, were each stricken from the calendar.

The case of Joseph Couchou vs. John House, trespass on the case, is on trial as we go to press.

Gid. Croteau and family are nicely settled in their new home recently purchased on Chestnut street.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price call at the AVALANCHE office.

Geo. H. Noteware, special agent of the Pension bureau, is in the village this week looking over the factories and mills.

Rev. James Ivey got word last week Wednesday of the serious illness of his aged mother at Marquette and left on the next train to be with her. His talented wife fills the pulpit during his absence.

The following attorneys from out side the local bar were present in court this week, being engaged in the several cases: Lewis P. Coumans of Bay City, Wm. T. Yeo and Ross & Harris of West Branch, and H. H. Woodruff of Roscommon.

Mrs. H. Oaks and Mrs. A. L. Pond represented the Grayling Hive L. O. T. M. at the county convention held at Vanderbilt, Tuesday, to elect delegates to the state convention in June. Mrs. Chas. Amidon and Mrs. Geo. Crandall accompanied them. Mr. Crandall attended a like meeting at Gaylord at the same time.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas it has pleased our Heavenly Father to call from the home of our brother, Adam F. Gierke, his beloved son Wilson, therefore be it

Resolved, that in behalf of the members of Court Grayling I. O. F. no. 790, we extend to the bereaved family the sincere sympathy of our order, and pray that God will grant them strength necessary to submit to his divine will.

Resolved, that we extend to Court Miranda I. O. F. no. 328 our sympathy in the loss of their brother, Wilson Gierke.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and that another copy be printed in the local paper.

ELIZABETH BATES
EDNA WAINWRIGHT
ANNA HARRINGTON.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

At a regular meeting of Marvin W. R. C. a committee on resolutions was appointed, who presented the following which were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father in his Divine Providence to call from this world of care to that sweet rest beyond, the beloved father of our esteemed sister, Agnes Havens, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That we, the members of Marvin W. R. C. no. 162, extend to our sister our tenderest sympathy in this dark hour of bereavement and be it further

RESOLVED, That her burden may be lightened by fully trusting in God and he will give her strength, and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the records of this Corps and also given to the Crawford Avalanche for publication.

RHODA EVERETT
MARY FEHR
AMANDA TYLER
Committee.

THE DEMON OF THE AIR.

Is the germ of La Grippe, that breathes in, brings suffering to thousands. Its after effects are weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and amnesia, with disordered liver and kidneys. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have recovered their energy, and built up the nervous system, and restore health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by A. M. Jones & Co.

Michigan Central Engine

Boiler Blows Up.

Last week Wednesday afternoon, about 4:15 o'clock, April 6th, 1910, with a roar that was plainly heard in this city by many of our people, a Michigan Central freight engine boiler exploded while north bound out of this city about two miles, in the vicinity of the turpentine plant and not far from "T" Town. It was a big compound engine, No. 7720, and was pulling a string of empty flat cars for Wolverine, under charge of conductor John Smith. It is hard to explain the cause of the explosion, and it may never be known. Head brakeman Daniel Byrnes, who was riding in the cab with the engineer and fireman, was instantly killed, his left arm and left leg being broken, and internal injuries inflicted. His home was in Pinconning, where the body was shipped, and the funeral held Friday. He was 25 years old and had been married only 18 months. He leaves, beside his widow, an infant son three months old, and a sister in Pinconning.

The train crew say that while the train was going under full steam at ordinary rate of speed, there came without warning that awful crash, a grinding, tearing of cars through debris, and the train came to a stop. The boiler and cab, in fact the whole front part of the engine, with the cab was hurled with great force a distance of more than two hundred feet, being torn from the trucks, which were left standing on the track. The breakage of air pipes set the brakes and brought the train to a quick stop. The tender of the big engine was left standing on the tracks.

Fireman Wilson Gierke, whose home is in this city, was blown 20 feet from the cab and was so badly injured and scalded that death came as a welcome release about six hours after the accident. He was engaged to an estimable young lady of this city, and the wedding set for some day in June. His father is A. F. Gierke, a conductor on the Michigan Central.

His funeral was held Sunday afternoon from his late home, and was largely attended by sympathizing friends and neighbors. Rev. J. H. Fleming of the Presbyterian church officiating. A special train bearing a delegation of the Brotherhood of Firemen came up from Bay City to attend the funeral. The procession to Elmwood cemetery was headed by the Citizens band playing impressive music. Among the floral tributes presented, which were numerous and beautiful, was a harp, a lantern, a Maltese cross, a broken wheel, a heart shaped piece, and several handsome sprays and wreaths composed of carnations and calla lilies.

Engineer John Green, of Bay City, was also blown about 20 feet out of the cab and suffered a broken leg and arm, and in addition was internally hurt, and scalded about the head and face, and is in a critical condition, with slight hopes that he may pull through and eventually recover. It is a miracle that all the men were not instantly killed. Mr. Green's wife and brother are here from Bay City and doing what they can for the unfortunate man. Later, as we go to press, we learn that unfavorable symptoms have developed in the case of Engineer Green, and his life hangs on a very slender thread.

The company with their usual promptness cleared the track of the wreckage so that traffic was not interfered with, and have done what they could for the relief and assistance of the injured men.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Items of Interest From Class Room and Corridors. Things Which Parents, Teachers and Pupils Like to Read About.

Senior class have begun their work for commencement.

Junior Hop Friday evening April 15 1910 at the Opera House given by the Juniors of G. H. S.

7th grade have completed some very fine outlines of their work on Africa.

Wilda Failing has enrolled in the eighth grade.

The fourth grade are studying birds this week, also memorizing "Woodman! Spare that tree."

Wm. Jensen of the 6th grade has reentered school after an absence of one week caused by sickness.

The B class of the 6th grade have memorized "The Last Leaf," and the A class in arithmetic are reviewing decimals.

A toad jumped into the window of the kindergarten room the other day. After much excitement one small observer burst out with "Why what's he chewing?" One little fellow who is always ready with an answer made the reply "Aw, he's chewin' the rag."

Ruth Barlow and Louise Peterson entertained the senior class Monday evening. A good time reported.

Anna Jensen is tickling the ivories this week while we march out.

Our billiard shark Jim of the high school is suffering with a felon on his thumb and is greatly disabled.

The eighth graders are pleased to welcome Amherst Merriman who has been absent for several weeks.

Vera Crandall of the 5th grade has had a record of 100 in spelling since the beginning of the second semester.

Wanted—New style of hair dressing for the girls to wear at the "T" Hop.

Wanted—Young ladies for senior parties and junior hop. Send all applications to the secretary of the senior or sophomore class.

Mail Orders

Solicited

ATTENTION!

READERS OF THE AVALANCHE

Here Are Some Advantages Trading With H. G. Wendland & Co., Bay City, Mich.

People of Crawford County or readers of this paper will now have all the advantages of Bay City people in their selection of merchandise from Bay City's largest and best store. Mail orders are solicited and merchandise purchased in this way is absolutely guaranteed to be perfectly satisfactory and just as represented. Where it is possible, samples will be sent. When it is necessary to come to the city, Bay City's Fare Rebate System will offset this expense. You thus have our immense stocks to select from. Either by mail or a personal visit, you are assured of the largest, newest and most economically priced merchandise to be found in the state. Helow we mention a few of our departments containing excellent values. Let us know your needs and we can save you money. See our advertisement in next week's Avalanche.

Shoes of Style and Quality.

"Sorosis" Shoes and Oxfords for ladies. "Packard" line for men. A large and complete assortment of any desired style in children's and infant's shoes. Excellent values offered to out-of-town customers. (Send us your mail orders.)

New Spring Millinery.

An elegantly equipped department on our Second Floor showing all of Spring's latest creations of New York and Paris designs. Also hundreds of beautiful patterns from our own work room. All moderately priced. (Send us your mail orders.)

Wall Paperes-at a Saving.

Largest and best assorted stock in Saginaw Valley. We can supply you with any kind you want from the lowest price papers, to any imported hangings in the country. Send us your address for our Cut-out border and Cretonne booklet. (Send us your mail orders.)

Fine Wash Goods Values.

Thousands of yards of this season's latest materials, showing many new figures and patterns exclusive with us. Huge quantities make our low prices possible. We will send you samples. (Send us your mail orders.)

Our Handsome Dress Goods.

In all this season's new materials in every new shade for every purpose. We issue no catalogue, but will send samples on request. (Send us your mail orders.)

Beautiful Silks.

Fashion's leading favorites are shown here in great assortments. An extra large showing in foulards, in all colors and designs. The most popular Spring Silk. Sued water and Shower proof. Samples on request. (Send us your mail orders.)

Our Great Subscription Offer.

Every family on our subscription list should take advantage of our offer as follows: The New York Tribune Farmer \$1.00 The Housewife .35 Paris Modes .50 1 Paris Modes Pattern .10 Crawford Avalanche .35

Our offer. All of the above for \$1.35.

If a woman owns property which is assessed for taxes, she is entitled to vote on questions involving the direct expenditure of public funds or the issue of bonds, whether the taxes are assessed against her or not. This is an opinion Attorney General Bird furnished City Attorney Taggart of Grand Rapids in response to a request. The attorney general refers to the constitutional provisions relative to the matter and says she is not required to have taxes assessed against her, but to own property assessed for taxes.

WORSE THAN BULLETS.

Bullets have often caused less suffering to soldiers than the eczema L. W. Harriman, Burlington, Me., got in the arm, and suffered with forty years. "But Buckle's Arnica Salve cured me when all else failed," he writes. Greatest healer for Sores, Ulcers, Bolls, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises and Piles. 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

SAVED FROM THE GRAVE.

"I had about given up all hope after nearly four years of suffering from a severe lung trouble," writes Mrs. M. L. Dix, of Clarksville, Tenn. "Often the pain in my chest would be almost unbearable and I could not do any work, but Dr. King's New Discovery has made me feel like a new person. Its best medicine for cough, throat and lungs." Obsolete coughs, asthmatic colds, hay fever, La Grippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis and hemorrhages, hoarseness and whooping cough, yield quickly to this wonderful medicine. Try it. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.

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New Spring Millinery.

An elegantly equipped department on our Second Floor showing all of Spring's latest creations of New York and Paris designs. Also hundreds of beautiful patterns from our own work room. All moderately priced. (Send us your mail orders.)

Wall Paperes-at a Saving.

Largest and best assorted stock in Saginaw Valley. We can supply you with any kind you want from the lowest price papers, to any imported hangings in the country. Send us your address for our Cut-out border and Cretonne booklet. (Send us your mail orders.)

Fine Wash Goods Values.

Thousands of yards of this season's latest materials, showing many new figures and patterns exclusive with us. Huge quantities make our low prices possible. We will send you samples. (Send us your mail orders.)

Our Handsome Dress Goods.

In all this season's new materials in every new shade for every purpose. We issue no catalogue, but will send samples on request. (Send us your mail orders.)

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1878. 1910.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS

SHOES, HARDWARE

FLOUR, FEED

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

Watch for New Ad

Next Week.

A. KRAUS & SON.

LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

To Buy

The Ham what 'am

Bacon,

Your Eggs that are

Fresh,

Then your

Everyday Feast

will be complete.

Have you tried our

Home-Smoked Hams?

We sell them whole

or sliced.

Yours for the

Asking.

Peoples Market

MILKS BRO'S Prop's.

The Better

the Watch

The more skillful repairing you need.

A dollar watch is built after the

fashion of a wheelbarrow—anybody

can understand it.

But you take an expensive timepiece

and it's different. No one but a

man who is familiar with its

mechanism can deal with it safely.

It's wise to leave all disordered

timepieces with us.

None of them are beyond our ability

to deal with.

One thing more—It's wise not to

allow the matter to be put off.

A. Peterson,

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Lansing, Mich., April 7.—A total of

\$14,822.25 in taxes, was paid to Audi-

tor General Fuller last week by the

American Express Company, but

while paying this amount they also

took occasion to file a protest contain-

ing 11 reasons why the tax is too high.

However, the state has the money

as well as the protests and if this fil-

ing of protests at this time intimates

anything—probably a suit—it will

again be up to the express company

to begin the next move.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APR. 14

Local and Neighborhood News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper, shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are \$1.50 per year in advance. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

Cramer repairs pumps.

Time to rake up the yards and make garden.

J. A. CRAMER, plumbing and heating.

Dwelling houses and corner store building for sale.—L. Fournier. 13tf

Mrs. J. Burt is home from her visit to Detroit and Bay City.

St. Charles coal, the best in the market, for sale by George Langevin.

Mrs. Alfred Olson returned Saturday from a visit to Gaylord.

Mr. Carrier of Lovell is said to be suffering with hemorrhage of the lungs.

Isaac Lamont from Maple Forest now has a position at the flooring mill.

Percy Patterson, the piano tuner, is making the rounds of the town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wilcox left yesterday for a week or two visit with their son and daughter in Flint.

Mrs. James Burton came up from Cheney for a few days visit with friends this week.

Miss Frankie Love spent Saturday and Sunday in town as the guest of Mrs. George Smith.

Everybody read our "Great Subscription Order." This applies to all who are paid in advance.

Mrs. Chas. Austin is improving rapidly and the baby girl is certainly a-growing.

FOR SALE—One oil stove, one bed and one car. Enquire of MRS. GEO. TYLER.

Floyd Taylor is moving into the house just vacated by Mrs. Byrnes on Maple street.

Beech and Maple Block Wood for furnaces. Leave orders with SALLING, HANSON COMPANY.

Mr. Robert Lamont, a brother of Mrs. Gierke, with his wife, of Bay City, remained here for a few days.

Buy your coal of George Langevin. You will get the best and at the right price, delivered.

The Christian Endeavor met with Mrs. Fleming Tuesday evening for their regular monthly business meeting.

Have you studied the tax supplement? If not, go, so your property may be involved.

FOR SALE—Modern 9 room house with furnace, bath, and electric lights—most desirable location for a home.—13tf L. FOURNIER.

Three houses and ten acres of land on south side for sale cheap for cash.—L. FOURNIER.

FOR SALE—Seven room house, in good condition, on Park St., third house south of Michigan Ave.—For price and terms address John Johnson, Isaac St. Lansing, Mich.

Don't fail to see our new line of spring shoes and oxfords, both for Ladies and gentlemen.—GRAYLING MFR. CO.

WANTED—Lathes, Milling Machine and Drill Press men. Assemblers, rough stuff and varnish rubbers and painters. Good wages and steady work. Apply immediately to Reo Motor Car Co., Lansing, Mich. 15-6

For plastering and other mason work and estimates of work in my line, call or address Wm. Fairbotham, Grayling, Mich. 13-11

We just received a new line of tailor made shirts, all colors and sizes. Call and see them.—GRAYLING MFR. CO.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

The ladies of the Danish Lutheran Church will give a social and supper at Danebod Hall, Thursday, April 14th. Supper 25 cents, children under 12 years 15 cents. Everybody cordially invited. Service from 5 to 8 o'clock.

Your tongue is coated. Your breath is foul. Headaches come and go. Stomach troubles show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

Conrade W. B. Chalker and his wife almost miraculously escaped a serious if not fatal accident on the road from Maple Forest to the cemetery in this village with the procession accompanying the body of Conrade Johnson Tuesday. A run-away team attempted to pass their carriage and locked wheels in such a way that they were capsize, but without injury except a severe shaking up and some minor bruises.

Have Cramer do your plumbing.

Veterinary surgeon W. H. Hainigan of Gaylord was doing business in town Monday afternoon and Tuesday.

Miss Bell took her Sunday school class of boys out after the arbutus Tuesday after school.

Just arrived, a new line of Ladies and Misses' suits, Mossy knob style, ever seen in Grayling. Call and see.—GRAYLING MFR. CO.

A good suite of seven rooms for rent. Electric light and water. Enquire at the restaurant.

CHARLES E. STANARD.

WANTED—A good work horse, broke for farm work, weighing 1,000 to 1,200, not older than 12 years. P. AEBLL, Grayling, Mich.

Have you seen the comet? A few who were watching for it report that they saw the tail between one and two o'clock Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Austin of West Branch are the guests of Mrs. Roeser this week while Mr. Austin is busy at the court house.

Call and see our new line of men's and youth's suits, hats and caps. Just the same style as in the cities.—GRAYLING MFR. CO.

Mrs. Peter Peterson and the baby of Bay City came up this week to pay her mother, Mrs. Wm. Hammond, a visit.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will meet for work at the home of Mrs. Moshier Friday afternoon, April 15th.

FOR SALE—1 combination case and desk, 1 oak sideboard, 1 music cabinet, 1 center table, 1 heating drum, 1 wheel barrow. Inquire of L. FOURNIER.

FOR SALE—2 river boats, one for \$10 and one for \$20; 1 good play for \$1; small forge \$3; also seed potatoes. Can be seen at Phil Moshier's. Henry Stephan, Grayling.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Judge Nelson Sharpe of West Branch, while in town holding court this week, was a welcome caller at this office.

W. R. C. Ladies will serve a 15 cent lunch at the G. A. R. hall from 5 to 8 Saturday, April 13th. Everybody invited.

The young married people of Beaver Creek met with George Belmore yesterday afternoon for their regular monthly visit and good time.

Beaver Creek farmers already have in their oats, spring wheat and rye and are getting ready for potatoes and corn.

Mrs. J. Isenhauer returned Monday from Ann Arbor a little better, but she must go there again every ten days for a while.

Arthur Dupree had the misfortune to have his finger badly smashed at the planning mill Thursday morning, which will make it necessary to take a short rest.

It is a well established rule of economics that the young man who would rise with the sun should not stay up later than ten o'clock with the daughter.

As it was necessary for L. E. Parker to visit the extreme southeastern corner of the county, he made it all on foot, a distance of 40 miles, which proves him to be as young as he ever was.

S. G. Searight, the Optician, will again be at McClain's restaurant Saturday, April 14th. Will remain until Tuesday, April 19th. Eyes tested free. Glasses at reasonable prices. Will call at residence if requested.

The fire departments have very interesting meetings every two weeks now. They have joined the State Firemen's Association for their own protection, and would like the people to stand by them.

The Epworth League held their business meeting and social evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hathaway Tuesday evening. Games were played and refreshments served by five of the younger members.

Mrs. Leese, as one of the Ladies Aid, entertained ten ladies at a ten cent tea Tuesday afternoon. Each lady will entertain ten others and so on until enough is raised to clean the church.

Miss Nina Peterson entertained sixteen of her little friends Monday, the 11th, the occasion being her eleventh birthday. She received a number of very pretty presents.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided with Chamberlain's Tablets. It is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

The regular "nose counting" United States contest will begin tomorrow and continue for thirty days if not sooner completed. The entries comprise the following athletes on the courses designated: Maple Forest, dist. no. 1, Edwin Chalker; dist. no. 2, Edward Houghton; Frederic, Chas. Lang; Beaver Creek, J. R. Skingale; South Branch, Hugo Schreiber Jr.; Grayling, townships 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. Everybody is ready to look pleasant and answer all questions.

Mrs. Luther Herrick was visiting Gaylord friends Saturday.

Attorney Geo. Alexander was in Gaylord on legal business last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Niles, of Gaylord, were guests of Grayling friends over Sunday.

Two of the brothers of Comrade Johnson arrived from the south in time to be present at his funeral.

Truant officer John Leese was called to Hardgrove Friday to look after and adjust a case of truancy. R. P. Forbes accompanied him.

Howard Smith, who has been working and visiting in Lupton during the winter, returned last week to his home in Maple Forest.

A nomination petition for Chase Osborn for Governor was circulated Monday and a number signed it, showing that the candidate has friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Smith, also Mr. and Mrs. Harry Johnson, who came from Bay City to attend the funeral of Wilson Gierke, remained here with friends until Tuesday.

Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming left last Monday morning to attend the meeting of the Saginaw Presbytery which holds its annual session at Mt. Pleasant this week, beginning Tuesday the 12th.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time and by a medicine which like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by all dealers.

Frequent excursions are made these days to the rural districts after the fragrant trailing arbutus, the sweetest and fairest flower that blooms in this section. Many packages containing the blossoms are sent by mail to distant friends.

The funeral of Charles E. Kellogg of South Branch, whose death in Detroit was reported last week, was held in Howell the 7th inst and the body laid at rest in the cemetery with his father's family. Deceased was a member of the K. O. T. M. M. and carried \$2,000 insurance in that order.

Mrs. C. W. Amidon has received a photo from Los Angeles, Cal., of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Figs and her friend, Mrs. Crampton, both formerly of Owosso, who were in the air, apparently about five hundred feet, enjoying a ride in an aeroplane. Mrs. Figs was her own engineer—running her own machine. It must be exhilarating and nice—but we will walk awhile yet.

At West Branch on Friday evening last was held the sub-district oratorical contest, in the former branch of which the Grayling contestant took first place and in the declamatory contest the Grayling contestant was awarded second. In the oratorical contest the following competed for the honors: Forrest Lord, Grayling, whose oration was on "The Pensioner"; Carl Breuchner, Alpena, whose oration was on "The New South"; Miss Jennie Raymore, West Branch, whose oration was on "Joan of Arc."

Only two contestants were in the declamatory contest, the first award being to Miss Hazel Niere of West Branch and the second to Miss Dorina Hoyt of Grayling, the decision being a close one. Those present from Grayling aside from the contestants were Superintendent J. A. Wiggers and Miss Margarette Hoyt. Miss Nellie Hoyt, third grade teacher in the Grayling school, accompanied her sisters. The district contest is to be held on April 22, Grayling Herald.

DIED—At his home in Maple Forest, Saturday, April 9, Carlos B. Johnson, aged 70 years. The deceased was a soldier of the civil war, having enlisted at Camden, Mich., in Co. K, 11th Mich. Vol. Infantry, August 24, 1861, and served continuously until Sept. 30, 1864, when he was mustered out at Sturgis, Mich. He was married in 1869 to Miss Emma Freeman at Berrien Springs, and in them two sons were born, Wm. C. and Arnold F., both of whom are living in Maple Forest in this county. Mrs. Johnson died in this village Aug. 19th, 1887. About two years later he was married to Mrs. Aza Buck, who survives him. He leaves besides his wife and sons, two brothers, Daniel, of Vanwert, Ohio, and Amos, of Angola, Ind.; and three sisters, Mrs. Matilda Pinkham, of Fort Wayne, Ind.; Mrs. John Noble of Nebraska, and Mrs. Harriet Brooks of Reading, in this state. Mr. Johnson was one of the pioneers of Crawford county, having located on a homestead five miles northeast of here in 1862. He moved to Maple Forest in 1886, where he has since lived, engaged in farming. Recognized as an honest progressive citizen he has been repeatedly elected to local offices, and was this month re-elected to that of township clerk. His health had been such that he had performed but little labor for the winter past, but had not been thought to be critically ill. On Saturday the newly elected township board was holding their first meeting at the residence of his son and he was attending to the duties of his office, recording their proceedings, when he was suddenly taken with a form of asthma, which seemed to preclude his breathing, and he expired before medical help could be secured. The

PAINT!

Sunshine in the house makes bliss; but sunshine on the house makes blisters, if it isn't painted with

Sun Proof Paint.

Ask for the color card.

Sorenson's Furniture Store

Potatoes

For Sale!

At 35c per Bushell

We are also distributors of 'Sleepy-Eye' Flour

Black Cross Coffee, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c & 40c

Gomprodor Teas, 40c and 50c

Hinz's Vinegars and Pickles, Palacine Oil

Armour's Simon Pure Lard, and a first class

line of other articles "Good to Eat."

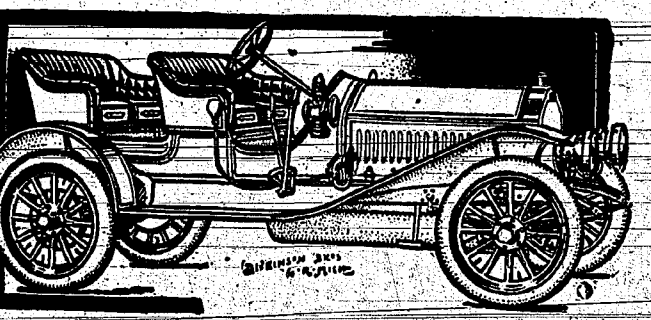
Not the cheapest, but the BEST, and the

best is always cheapest!

CONNINE & CO.

CENTRAL MICHIGAN AVENUE.

OLSON'S Automobile Line!



MACHINES FOR SALE OR RENT.

Call at Central Drug Store or Auto Barn.

Farmers should eat more oatmeal.

Although the farmer of today is able to buy almost anything he wants to wear or eat he isn't paying enough attention to food values when it comes to his own table.

If he has been watching the extensive researches and experiments on the question of the best human food for muscle and brain he will heed the advice from all sides to "eat more Quaker Oats."

Quaker Oats is mentioned because it is recognized in this country and Europe as the best of all cereals. Feeding farm hands on Quaker Oats means getting more work out of them than if you fed them on anything else.

For home use it is packed in regular 10c packages, and in large size family packages at 25c.

WANTED—A live young man or woman to represent a life insurance company during spare time in the counties of Otsego, Crawford, Roscommon, Montmorency, Ogemaw and Oscoda. Commissions and renewals paid, affording an excellent opportunity to accumulate an income available for college expenses. Address: Life Insurance, 1928-1929, Chamber of Commerce Building, Detroit, Mich. 13-4

Lovells Locals.

The Forest Farm Co. are clearing land on section 24 for an orchard. The work is progressing under the management of foreman Fred Bloom. Fred is doing the work thoroughly.

T. E. Douglas has added more to his store building. This is for a private office.

The carpenters have resumed work on C. W. Ward's barn.

Mr. Joseph Doby and wife, Albert Nephew and wife, and George Brown have returned from the state of Washington. Crawford county is a good place to come back to.

Charles Preman has moved to Grayling.

The Douglas company have seeded about 20 acres to clover.

L. H. Gill has sowed his oats.

John Schram has moved into the house vacated by Chas. Preman.

Mr. Miles has returned to Flint.

Mrs. Doby and Mrs. Nephew have changed of the boarding house.

Low Carrier has some of his seedling done.

C. W. Miller planted his early potatoes the 5th.

Patrons Always Protected.

We protect every patron of this Store with our guarantee that the garment or article purchased here will prove satisfactory in quality and service. We insure our customers against disappointment and loss. In addition we submit a selection in Clothing, Furnishings, Footwear and Headwear that is distinctiveness of style and individuality of character and appearance is not equaled by any other showing in Grayling.

The advantages merit the consideration of every parent contemplating the purchase of a

Spring Outfit for their little one.

The clothing of boys and children is our Specialty.

The wonderful growth in this business is due to our success in fully satisfying such wants with honest materials, honest workmanship and honest values. Our lines for Spring and Summer are now complete.

Your personal inspection is solicited.

BOYS

Wash Suits, 2 to 10 years, Russian and Sailor styles, colors guaranteed.

50c. to \$3.50.

"Knocker" Suits, 6 to 18 yrs, all desirable materials, shades and mixtures.

\$4.00 to \$10.00.

Children's Hats, Felt or Straw.

25c to \$1.00.

GIRLS

Wash Dresses, 2 to 14 years, latest styles in Percales, Reps, Gingham and Galatia.

50c to \$15.00.

Junior Dresses, nicely tailored, attractive styles and colors.

\$3.75 to \$10.00.

Top Coats, 6 to 14 years, Navy, Tan, black or white checks at

\$3.00 to \$10.00.

Capes, 4 to 6 years, navy and red, satin lined hoods, at

\$5.00.

Straw Hats, all styles, newest shapes, beautifully trimmed, at

25c to \$3.50.

Infants Furnishings, Hosiery, Underwear, Dresses, long and short. 50 cents to \$2.00.

Grayling Mercantile Company

"The Peoples Store"



If you wish to feel cheerful and happy all day, Be sure to drink Coffee that's labeled "MO-KA."

Always the Same.

PURE, WHOLESOME, DELICIOUS, HIGH GRADE.

Popular Price, 20c. the Pound.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR MO-KA COFFEE.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors, also the B. of L. F. & E. and I. O. F. and B. of R. T. for their kindness and for their many floral tributes sent us in the death of our son and brother.

MR. and MRS. A. F. GIERKE.

Presbyterian Church.

Sunday, April 10th, 1910.

Union prayer meeting will be held at the church Thursday eve., at 7:30 p. m. in M. E. church.

Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Subject—The Value of Religion in the Home.

Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. A. B. Failing, Supr.

C. E. at 6:00 p. m. Topic—God is Here. Leader, Bessie McCullough.

Preaching service at 7:00. Topic—Social Problems of the Day and Their Remedy.

All are cordially invited to attend these services.

J. HUMPHREY FLEMING, Pastor.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals for the construction of a two-story frame hotel will be received by R. Hanson of Grayling, Michigan, until 4 p. m. April 26th, 1910.

Plans and specifications can be had at the office of R. Hanson, upon the deposit of five (\$5.00) dollars, to be returned upon their safe return.

A certified check of (\$200.00) dollars, to accompany each bid, as good faith that the successful bidder will enter into written contract and furnish satisfactory bonds. Bonds thirty (30%) percent of contract price.

Sealed proposals for heating and plumbing of the hotel will be received at same hour and date. Certificate check for one hundred (\$100.00) to accompany each bid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

For Sale.

The SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and NW of SE 1/4, of Sec. 3, Town 26 n 3 w, about two miles from Grayling. For particulars call on P. Aebli, Grayling, Mich. 16-4

THE CALL OF THE BLOOD

For purification, finds voice in pimples, boils, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, mottled blotches and blotches on the skin, all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills make rich, red blood, give clear skin, try them. 25c at A. B. Lewis & Co.

SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT NEWS.

Sunday.
The Louisiana rice crop rapidly is becoming one of the most important in the South.
Dr. Aked's New York congregation pledged \$168,000 for new church at Sunday service.
Six men were injured when a Baltimore and Ohio locomotive hit a street car in South Chicago.

A Pittsburg missionary worker said he was willing to die for the cause and drew an assassin's bullet.
The interstate commerce commission ordered the reduction of Pullman car rates; the upper berth is to be cheaper than the lower.

Monday.
A copper company head was convicted in New York of appropriating \$30,000, paid into the concern by the German nobility.
Louis Coste, international water way engineer, declared that Canada must build a canal from Lake Superior to retain her grain trade.

Tuesday.
A New York federal judge declined to declare the sugar trust in contempt for refusal to show its books.
The Indiana Republican convention adopted an "insurgent" resolution, praising Beveridge's fight against the tariff bill.

Emil Seidel, Socialist, was elected Mayor of Milwaukee by 8,000 over the Democratic candidate and 16,000 over the Republican.
Col. Roosevelt, angered by a Methodist pastor's attempt to make a religious issue of the Vatican incident, called off a public reception in Rome.

Disclosures before the congressional committee sounded the knell of the ship subsidy and were followed by the arrest of John A. Panton, secretary of the Marine League.
Wednesday.
Complete returns showed that the net gain of the wets in Illinois Tuesday was six entire counties.

The military court held the negro soldiers guilty of shooting up Brownsville and blamed the officers for the tragedy.
The arbitrator found John C. Fetzner, Charles R. Kappes and Benjamin Thomas of Chicago guilty in the Western Indiana Railroad fraud charges.

Frank N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car Company, was released of giving a \$52,500 bribe by a Pittsburg grand jury, which urged his indictment.
Thursday.
Secretaries Knox and MacVeagh may quit Taft's cabinet.

The bank in Coal City, Ill., was robbed of \$2,000 by Chicago saloon loafers.
Attorney General Wickersham ordered the Elgin Board of Trade investigated.
The testimony in the Saylor murder trial was all in and arguments before the jury began.

An explosion on a British ship in mid-ocean caused a panic and injured seventy women and children.
Senator Lodge introduced a bill in the Senate putting a limit of one year on the cold storage of foodstuffs.

Two brokers, brothers, ruined by speculation, ended their lives together in a lonely spot on the river bank near Kansas City.
Friday.
Canada's revenues increase faster than the ordinary expenditures.

Thomas F. Walsh, multimillionaire mining man, died in Washington.
The House of Representatives voted for the building of two battleships, two colliers and four submarines.
New Jersey pastors demanded an investigation of the drunken orgy at the closing session of the lower house of the legislature.

Dr. William A. Tichenor, found dead in the Great Northern Hotel in Chicago, is believed to have committed suicide scientifically.
The Turkish forces were reported to have lost 200 killed or wounded in a battle with clansmen who were threatening Pristina.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt were obliged to abandon their sentimental drive from Spezia to Genoa by the crowds of admiring people.
On charges of a woman stenographer six men were arrested in Indianapolis, charged with conspiring to fleece the city and two hotels out of hundreds of thousands of dollars in coal craft.

Saturday.
That the Payne law has vindicated itself by returning a surplus instead of a deficit is the contention of Messrs. Payne, Dalzell and Boyell.
Dr. Robert L. Johnson, confessed of having written the Parnell letters in 1887 has caused a sensation.

A newly discovered "elixir of life" was offered for test by American physicians by Dr. Doyen of France.
The Saylor murder case went to the jury and rumors of mob violence were heard in case of verdict of acquittal.

Philander Chase Knox, Jr., who eloped, has won unconditional surrender of his father, the Secretary of State.
TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVES.
Forest fires did \$100,000 damage in Western Pennsylvania. Northern West Virginia and Eastern Ohio.

Augustus Hartie, millionaire paper manufacturer of Pittsburg, and his wife, Mary Scott Hartie, are reported to have settled their marital differences, which have been in the courts for five years.
Tangled in the wreckage of a collapsed dirigible balloon, L. L. Hill, a San Jose (Cal.) aeronaut, fell 150 feet before a crowd of several thousand spectators at the local racetrack. He was not injured.

ELECTION RESULTS IN SEVERAL STATES

Illinois Poll Shows That the Wets Have Regained All the Big Dry Centers.

SOCIALISTS WIN IN MILWAUKEE
Wisconsin Wets and Drys About Even—Michigan Drys Claim Victory—Tie in Nebraska.

Illinois.
"Wet" victories were recorded Tuesday in almost every important center of Illinois where the saloon question was at issue. In the cherished "dry" strongholds of Rockford, Decatur, De Kalb, Dixon, Mattoon, Kewanee, Shelbyville and a long list of other local option towns the anti-saloon forces were routed. In the saloon towns where the "drys" made their hardest fights—Springfield, Danville, Aurora, Bloomington, Woodstock, Freeport and others—the "wets" carried the day, in many cases by larger majorities than they obtained two years ago. The most important victories gained by the "drys" were at Monmouth and Canton, where the saloons were voted out. In the light of the election returns, Illinois plainly has reversed itself on the saloon question since two years ago. In all parts of the State the pendulum swing from the dry to the wet sentiment has made itself manifest.

Wisconsin.
While on the face of the early returns neither the league people nor the drys had much to boast of, neither gaining any considerable new ground, the drys carried the fight into new territory and into large cities, compelling the wets to put up strong fights to hold their own. In Milwaukee Social Democrats made a clean sweep and elected Emil Seidel Mayor by a plurality of more than 8,000, seven Aldermen-at-large and carried fourteen wards. The Socialists will control the city for the next two years. Seidel's plurality is the largest of any party in a similar contest in the history of the city. The feature of the campaign this spring was that the platforms of the three parties were essentially the same, the Democratic and the Republican parties espousing Social Democratic principles like the referendum, the initiative, the recall and home rule for Milwaukee, all four of which were first espoused by the Socialists, at which time they were derided by the other parties.

Michigan.
In Michigan the total vote gives majorities for "wets" of 15,572 and for "drys" of 9,353, forcing "drys" to abandon plan to force vote on statewide prohibition. Complete returns on the local option election held in thirty-six counties show that twenty counties out of the thirty-six have decreed the abolition of the saloon for two years, while sixteen repudiated local option and declared for the licensed saloon. Two hundred and eighty-two thousand three hundred and thirty-five votes were cast in the election, the vote being out of the state. The map of Michigan shows the following counties in the "wet" column and forty where the saloon must go. It is this fact which satisfies the "wets" that Michigan will never go totally "dry" and which causes them to claim Tuesday's election to themselves. The "dry" counties are scattered over the lower peninsula; the upper being entirely "wet."

Nebraska.
Practically the only issue in the Nebraska municipal elections was the question of saloon license, and returns from fifty towns and villages in eastern and central sections of the state show no marked change from a year ago, the advantage, if anything, being slightly with the "wets." The notable victory for the "dry" element was the capture of Haverlock, the Burlington railroad town, outside of Lincoln. At Lincoln, which voted against license by 93 majority, Haverlock the past year has been the "source of supply" for Lincoln. Offsetting the "dry" victory at Haverlock is the return of Beatrice to license after a year without saloons. The "drys" retain Fremont, where another bitter fight was waged. Most of the larger towns aside from Beatrice voted for license.

TRY TO ROB LIMITED.
Cut Air Hose on Fast Train, Fight Conductor and Fire.
Two masked bandits made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up and rob the Pioneer limited train from Chicago on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad shortly after midnight the other morning as it sped through the picturesque delta region of southwestern Wisconsin. Conductor A. P. Shumway of Milwaukee in charge of the train, was confronted on the platform of the sleeping car Ontonagon by the two robbers, who demanded that he signal the train to stop, then throw up his hands. He struck one of the men down with his lantern and retreated into the sleeping car. The bandits had cut the air hose of the train, stopping it, and they escaped. A few hours later two colored men were taken into custody in LaCrosse on suspicion of being the bandits.

OMAHA'S FIRE LOSS IS \$1,000,000.
Elevator and 100-Box Cars Lost in Flames Caused by Light Wires.
Conservative estimates place the total loss in fires in Omaha the other night at nearly \$1,000,000. The heaviest losers are Nye-Schneider-Fowler Company, elevator and contents, \$400,000; Mancy-Milling Company, mill and contents, \$180,000; about 100 box cars and contents, \$250,000. All the losses are well covered by insurance. Crossed wires are believed to have been responsible for the fire.



BEVERIDGE SCORES TARIFF LAW

Makes an Impassioned Speech Before Convention of Republicans.

After an impassioned attack on the Payne-Aldrich tariff law by Senator Albert J. Beveridge the Republican State Convention of Indiana went on record in Indianapolis in favor of a new revision of the tariff schedules under a tariff commission plan. Delegates and galleries gave Senator Beveridge storms of applause as he reached the climax after climax in attacking the action of those who enacted the present law, against which he voted in the United States Senate. "I could not stand for it then, and I can not stand for it now," said the Senator repeatedly, as he enumerated the faults he found in the law. He said also that President Taft agreed with him in his demands, but "they gave us a mock trial."

The platform indorses President Taft's administration, the "Roosevelt policies," and Senator Beveridge's work in Congress. It assures him of reelection. While it stands for a revision of tariff schedules, it insists on maintaining the protective principle. The following nominations were made by acclamation, there being only one candidate for each office.
Secretary of State, G. H. C. Guley; Auditor, John J. McLaughlin; Treasurer, John J. McLaughlin; Attorney General, J. P. Mount; Chief Justice, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Second District, Oscar H. Montgomery; Judge of Supreme Court, Third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Tenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eleventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twelfth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fourteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventeenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Nineteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twentieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Twenty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirtieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Thirty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fortieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Forty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fiftieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Fifty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixtieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Sixty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Seventy-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eightieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Eighty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninetieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, Ninety-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundredth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and tenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eleventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twelfth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fourteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventeenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and nineteenth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twentieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and twenty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirtieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and thirty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fortieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and forty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fiftieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and fifty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixtieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and sixty-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-fourth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-fifth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-sixth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-seventh District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-eighth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and seventy-ninth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eightieth District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighty-first District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighty-second District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighty-third District, John J. McLaughlin; Judge of Supreme Court, One hundred and eighty-fourth District, John J. 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representatives, while the political situation in Greece is so unsettled that it would have been risky to hold the next there.

Buy the New Royal Sewing Machine

Equal to any made.

For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

BUCKWHEATS VERSUS PIE

By BELLE MANIATES

Bertha awaited the coming of her caller without much animation. "He won't come many times," she said to her mother. "The other girls will get to having him and they will feed him with layer cakes, and pies and ice cream. The boys say it's just like a poorhouse here. We never give them a thing to eat."

"Well, if that's all they come for, I'd be mighty glad to have them stay away. Pie and cake and ice cream is unhealthy stuff and I ain't going to have any in my house. This is no eating house."

Mrs. Willets snapped out this declaration and went upstairs to bed at her usual early hour. She related enough to caution the two young boys, Richard and Bert, not to go into the sitting room.

"Bertha's going to have a beau," she informed, "and you can sit in the kitchen and study your lessons."

They obediently went to the kitchen, but did not study.

"Who's coming to see Bertha?" asked Bert.

"Red Raymond. He's been out west for four years. You know, been a cowboy and shot Indians."

"Oh, I hope Bertha keeps him for a steady."

"She won't," replied Richard, who had been eavesdropping, "because ma won't let her make any pies and cake and stuff for him to eat."

"Hub!" commented Bert. "Tain't likely he'll get anything like these farmers around here. He won't care for pie and cake."

Bertha didn't seem to keep a fellow long," lamented Richard. "Ned Price only kept company a month. He says he likes fat girls with red cheeks. Bertha's pale and thin, you know."

"That's not a cowboy's style," remarked Bert, who had taken to drawing books from a circulating library. "They like the delicate kind."

The boys immediately set to work and when things were ready they marched into the sitting room, where Bertha, distracted from her mortification at not being able to offer Red cake and pie, was ill at ease and inattentive. She welcomed the diversion of the entrance of the boys.

"Say," said Bert, "Richard and I got hungry and we are going to have a spread in the kitchen. Don't you folks want to come out?"

"Sure we do," responded Red, promptly, rising from his chair with alacrity and following the boys.

Bertha obeyed with some trepidation. "Oh, Lord!" ejaculated Red when he came into the big warm kitchen and smelled the coffee. "I do believe that's a stack of buckwheats. I used to dream about them when I was down in New Mexico."

Bertha's spirits rose. The boys had set the table nicely. The coffee smelled promising. There were a pitcher of cream and a jug of syrup on the table.

"Sit down," urged Bert. "I'll bake the cakes and Rich will serve you. Pour the coffee, Bertha."

"Say," interposed Richard, as he laid a golden-brown cake on Red's plate, "what did you call these? A what of buckwheats?"

"Stack," said Red, pouring about a pint of syrup over the cakes. "That's what they call them out west. Wheat cakes is a stack of whites. Poached eggs on toast is Adam and Eve on a raft."

"Go on, tell more!" applauded Bert, waving a pancake turner excitedly in the air.

Red laughed and between cakes he related western tales to the boys' content.

"Is he coming again to-morrow night, Bertha?" whispered Richard from his room as his sister came up stairs at a late hour.

"Yes," she answered, happily. "It was just lovely of you boys to think of the cakes. He's going to bring you each a present to-morrow."

"It'll be all right for him," prophesied Bert. "You leave the feeding part to us."

The next night the little brothers, again ushered themselves into the sitting room.

"We've got some Adams and Eves on rafts," grinned Richard.

"Well, you are the best chefs I know," said Red, approvingly, "and you bet you'll get a tip." He handed them each an Indian bow and arrows.

The next night, as sister's beau came up the lane, he was met by Bert. "Say," said the boy, doggedly, "before you come in there's something I want to tell you."

"All right, my boy. Fire away."

"You see there ain't anything to eat to-night and we've run out of coffee and I thought it only fair to tell you before you came in, so you could turn back if you wanted to. But it ain't Bertha's fault. It's ma that's stingy."

GETTING READY

"When I decided to go south for a few weeks," said pretty Miss Carew, dolefully, "I thought I was going so very inexpensively that I deserved a medal for my cleverness."

"You haven't given it up, I hope?" asked her friend. "Your cousin has planned such a gay time for you that it would be too bad not to go."

"Oh, no; I'm going," said Miss Carew. "I couldn't back out now that my cousin has laid so many plans. She has a dance arranged for the very evening of the day I arrive, so I must go to go."

I hope my trunk won't be late. But, you see, I've come to the conclusion that the economical way to go always turns out to be the most expensive. When my cousin wrote me not to fail to come I accepted her invitation at once, because I had so very little to buy in order to go."

"You always have nice things," said her friend. "You wouldn't need a single new garment."

"That's what I thought," said Miss Carew. "I decided that a little piecing out would fix me up and that's where I made my mistake. If I had started by getting a complete new outfit it would have been cheaper."

"The first things I looked at were my hats," explained Miss Carew. "Of course I couldn't travel in my plumed hat and my white one was out of the question. I took my old one to the milliner and had it retrimmed, but when it came home I wasn't satisfied and I went back for a new one. Though I told the milliner it was for traveling, she showed me all sorts of deformed and distorted things with miles of ribbon and feathers on them and calmly announced that the lowest price was \$25. She said she wouldn't be giving the hats away for that ridiculous sum if it wasn't late in the season. Of course, I had to have a new hat."

"People expect a stranger to be particularly well dressed," agreed Miss Carew's friend, politely. "Isn't it funny? If we saw the same girl at home every day we wouldn't care half so much what she wore."

"Well, I had to pay a terrible price for that hat," sighed Miss Carew. "Really, though, it is beautiful."

"Things have gone up so," said her friend. "You can't get hats for the old-time prices."

"Then I thought my old suit would do if I had it pressed and got a new waist to light it up," went on Miss Carew. "I ran all about looking for something about the same shade as my suit and finally found one for \$15 that would do."

I discovered that my supply of handkerchiefs was getting low and money that I begrudged went into new ones. My old belt was good, but I had to get a new one, so there was another expense."

"Belts make the finishing touch," said the friend. "I've seen lots of suits spoiled by poor ones."

"My crepe de chine had to be cleaned and the sleeves had to be made over," related Miss Carew. "Then when it came back from the dressmaker's I thought it looked horrid and I got a blue minkor silk. Two suits had to be pressed. I had to get three pairs of gloves. Then my slipper cost me a lot more than I expected."

"You can use everything when you come home," said her friend, consolingly. "You'll be glad to have them when you get back."

"That's just it," sighed Miss Carew. "Did you ever have anything to fall back on when you come home from a visit? There isn't a thing left of my outfit except the things I have bought now will be sights to see."

"Personally I am always rejoiced when my things go to pieces," said her friend. "For then I am absolutely forced to invest in new ones. It's when they're only half worn that I am in despair. Then my conscience forces me to make them do for any and all occasions. There's one consolation in going away—you can wear a lot of things everybody at home has seen, and the strangers will consider them new."

"Maybe that will be a comfort," said Miss Carew, more cheerfully. "You see, the railroad rates are so nice and low and I want to go so much. My cousin has planned the loveliest time."

But when it came to getting three or four new dresses—

"You didn't!" exclaimed her friend. "Yes, yes," said Miss Carew. "Even when fixed over, all my things looked so shabby somehow. My cousin is going to so much trouble to give me a gay time, arranging to have something every evening I'm there. I had to have two dance gowns and I absolutely needed something for house wear. I didn't do pretty well, so to get a new suit."

"Yes, but if you had stayed home you wouldn't—"

"Oh!" her friend interrupted herself. "Isn't that where that handsome young Mr. Randolph lives who was here last summer at your aunt's?"

"I believe there are a number of men of that name there," acknowledged Miss Carew, with rising color. "But that has absolutely nothing to do with it. I am going for a rest, you know."

Increase in Rice Production.

Rice production in the United States grew from an average of less than 100,000,000 pounds per annum a few years ago to an average of 500,000,000 pounds per annum in recent years, and reached over 600,000,000 pounds in 1908.

"Does Bertha know?"

"Well, I reckon she does unless she's a mighty poor guesser, but I am going to ask her about it to-night and I hope I'll be too happy to eat."

MAKING A LAWN

Bramshank, after investigating the matter carefully, last spring decided that the best way to deal with the half-acre of ground surrounding his new suburban home was to seed it heavily and just let the grass grow at its own sweet will.

"If you don't cut the new grass all summer," Bramshank explained to his wife, "it gets a chance to thicken up and the next year you have a splendid lawn. I think we can stand the long grass for one season."

"Oh, certainly," agreed Mrs. Bramshank, who has an inventive mind.

"And when it gets tall enough, say about August, we can hang Japanese lanterns through it and give a garden party! It will be nice, too, to serve afternoon tea under the shade of the bluegrass!"

"That's all right," said Bramshank indignantly, "but I'm going to do it all the same!"

Nobody could say that Bramshank was stingy with the seed. He got a huge quantity from a dealer who was going out of business and anxious to dispose of his stock at cut rates, and he painstakingly sprinkled all of it over his yard on the theory that if a little was good a great deal was better.

When the first tender shoots of green began to color the ground Bramshank positively chuckled with joy and pride. He took practically all the credit to himself for the rapidity and thickness of the growth, though he did grudgingly allow a trifle of it to the seed man. "He said it was a special variety of seed," Bramshank told his wife, "and I believe he was right. Just look at it!"

After a few weeks that was all the Bramshank family did look at the lawn. Indeed, the whole suburb contracted the habit of sauntering over to look at the Bramshank place, for nobody had ever seen anything like the grass that was growing there. It was Hackney who first broke the news.

"Say," he hailed Bramshank from the sidewalk, "when did you decide to take up truck gardening? Aren't you afraid so much grass mixed in will interfere with the vegetables?"

Bramshank after one pallid glance over his weird-looking estate reeled up against a porch pillar with a blinding light breaking over him. The reason his lawn looked so queer was that half the seed was the seed of his sorted garden vegetables.

There was carelessness about the groupings which might have appeared to an artistic nature, but which only further agonized the Bramshanks. There would be a little bunch of tomatoes, plants, say, in the middle of the lawn and flanking them a thinly scattered array of feathery carrot tops. Green onions, lettuce, cucumbers, muskmelons and cabbage hilariously protruded in the wildest confusion.

As he searched further Bramshank found Indian corn studiously pushing its way up in various spots. Also there were turnips and parsley and many more things. In fact, as Mrs. Bramshank said, a banana grove was all that was lacking to make their half-acre a complete botanical collection for the entire western hemisphere!

Now vegetables are all very well in their place, but nobody would choose to have them scattered all over a lawn. To be sure, Bramshank could have mowed them down, but he would have had to mow also such grass as there was—and anyhow Mrs. Bramshank had a fragile mind. She believed in accepting the goods the fates provided, so she refused to allow the garden lawn to be destroyed.

Bramshank said the real reason for her refusal was that she had fallen in love with two tomato plants on the lee side of the library window and that she could not resist the appeal of the tender young carrots pathetically flourishing near the lilac bushes. There was something touching also about the manner in which the cucumber vines trustingly spread out and strangled the struggling grass about them.

The worst of it was that all summer Bramshank toiled in the garden he hadn't expected to have at all. It seemed rank foolishness not to take care of the enthusiastic tomatoes and other garden truck. The whole neighborhood took to running over to get parsley from the Bramshank front lawn because the idea was so unique—and not every one can pick lettuce from along the front of his town property.

The Bramshanks raised several bushels of tomatoes, three dozen ears of green corn, cucumbers enough to start a pickle factory and untold quantities of small truck. Bramshank had to get up an hour earlier each morning all summer long properly to care for his vegetables, besides bearing the fears of his neighbors. And by fall there wasn't any grass at all!

This spring Bramshank is going to seed his lawn. It will cost more, but he says it's safer.

New Arctic Expedition.

The Bulletin of the Geographical Society of Italy announces another arctic expedition. The leader will be Baldino, the leader of the arctic expedition of 1901-1902. He proposes an exploration of the polar regions and to reach the pole. He proposes to follow the route taken by Nansen in the Fram. It is proposed to spend four years altogether in the search.



Make the Home Bright

Worn, shabby floors, marred, scratched, dinged, woodwork, dingy, scuffed furniture can all be refinished and made to look like new. You can do it yourself at a trifling cost.

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stains and varnishes at one operation, imparting to all kinds of surfaces the elegant effect and durable, lustrous surface of beautifully finished oak, mahogany, walnut, or other expensive woods.

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For Sale by A. KRAUS, Grayling, Mich.

Fire Alarm Calls.

Directions for tuning in Alarm. Break glass and turn the lever once around until it stops; you can only turn it one way. Do not turn in a second time, until lever has stopped moving. No. of Box Where Located.

- 19—Michigan and Peninsular Avenues, near Olson's drug store.
- 28—Michigan Avenue and Spruce east of Court House.
- 32—Michigan Avenue and Norway St. M. C. R. Depot.
- 37—Ottawa Street at House House.
- 43—Ogemaw and Cedar streets, near McKay House.
- 46—Spruce and Ionia streets, near Julius Nelson's house.
- 54—Michigan Ave. and Park street near Chris Hanson's house.
- 55—Ogemaw and Maple streets near John Hanson's house.
- 64—Salling, Hanson Co., Planing mill.
- 73—Salling, Hanson Co., Band mill.
- 82—Kerry, Hanson, Flooring mill.
- 91—Railroad Reserve, south side on Electric light pole.

The whistle will blow off the number after the general alarm has been given.

Open the door. Let in the air. The winds are sweet, and the flowers are fair. Joy is abroad in the world to-day; if our door is wide, it may come this way.

Open the door! Open the door! Let in the sun; He hath a smile for every one. He hath made of the raindrops gold and gems; He may change our tears to diamonds. Open the door!

Open the door of the soul; let in Spring, pure thoughts, which shall banish sin. They shall grow and bloom with a grace divine. And their fruit shall be sweeter than that of the vine. Open the door!

Open the door of the heart; let in sympathy sweet for stranger and kin, it will make the halls of the heart so fair. That angels may enter unawares. Open the door! —British Weekly.

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co. 66 Jefferson Avenue. DETROIT, MICH.

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Returns. Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada or Dr. Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS PATENTS. Scientific American.

A handbook of the most valuable and profitable inventions and discoveries. Published by Scientific American, New York.

USED RUG TO SECURE MONKEY. Animal was Unacquainted with Qualities of Opera Glasses.

A professor well known in the scientific world recently hit upon a novel method of capturing a pet monkey which had escaped from the house and taken refuge in the branches of a tall tree.

He looked at the animal through a pair of opera glasses, pointing the small end at him, and then retired to a short distance, leaving the opera glasses on the ground. The imitative monkey descended from the tree, and, taking the opera glasses, gazed in a similar manner, at his master, who seemed to the deluded ape to be many yards distant.

The monkey, continuing to look through the same end of the opera glasses, supposed his master, who was walking slowly toward him, to be still a long way off, when the professor, reaching out, secured the chain and led the victim back to his cage.

Great Man Fond of Tea. Take all things in the world tea met with opposition at the first thought or knowledge of it. There were some who called it a filthy custom, while others held that it would dwarf the body and destroy personal beauty. Samuel Johnson tells us that he was "harried and shameless tea drinker, who for 20 years diluted his meals with only the infusion of the fascinating plant; who with tea amused the evening, with tea soiced the midnight, and with tea welcomed the morning." Thackeray, Shakespeare and Lamb were all devotees to the teacup. "Meanwhile, let us have a sip of tea. The afternoon glow is brightening the bamboo, the fountain is bubbling with delight, the soothing of the pines is heard in our kettle. Let us dream, advance, and linger in the beauty, the foolishness of things."

Tea a Cold Weather Drink. One-third more tea is used in autumn and winter than in summer and spring.

Change. "When old Uncle Weatherby was a poor farmer he used to go up to town and eat pie with a carving fork. The people smiled."

"You don't say?" "Then later on he began eating it with a tablespoon. The people laughed."

"I don't blame them." "From that he changed to a knife. They roared."

"Great Scott! And he still sticks to the knife?" "No. Since they found out on his farm and rated him as a millionaire he eats pie with his fingers and everybody nods his approval and says he is bizarre."

Cages Not Parallel. Rev. John Campbell, when preaching in the north of Scotland and Orkney Islands, went down the Fifth of Geometry to Broadland, where an old man who owned his services for a Scotch bishop who used to preach in that quarter. He asked one of his hearers why he had forsaken him. "Because I got no good," said Donald Munro. "But should ye not wait at that pool, Donald?" "No, I expect no good at your pool." "Oh, but did not the man at Bethesda get a cure at last?" "Yes, but he had some encouragement. He saw others cured now and then, but I never know one who was cured at your pool."

In Chicago. Mrs. Dearborn—June is the favor this month for weddings. Mr. Wabash—Oh, I don't know. I've been married four times in May and only twice in June.

Tea a Cold Weather Drink. One-third more tea is used in autumn and winter than in summer and spring.